

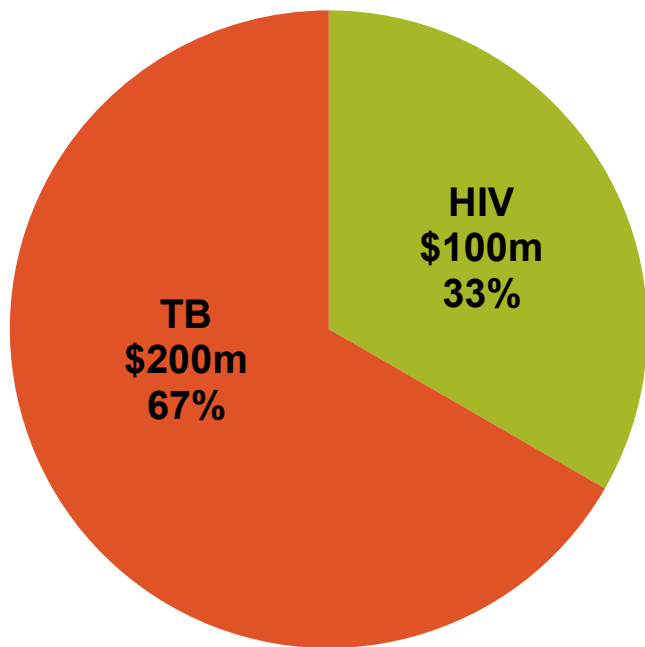
STAKEHOLDERS' MEETING FOR CONCEPT NOTE DEVELOPMENT FOR GC 8

HIV Global Fund Grant Cycle – 8 (2027-30)

6th July 2026

Allocation from Global Fund to India for Global Fund Grant Cycle – 8 (2027-30)

US\$ 300 m (Approx. ₹ 2688.58 Cr.)
(Exchange rate Rs. 89.6196)



Program	mUSD	INR (Cr.)
HIV	100	896.19
TB	200	1792.39
Total	300	2688.58

Process adopted till date

Community and Stakeholder consultation by NACO to seek inputs on priority areas
(7th May 2026)

Writing Team in Place
(from mid May, 2026)

Proposal development ongoing with all respective divisions
NACO will engage with NGPR (after selection)

First Meeting of Disease Specific Technical Committee
(24th June 2026)

Proposed Submission
27th July 2026

Window for submission of funding request

Window-1
8th June 2026

Window -2
27th July 2026

Window -3
5th October 2026

Global Fund Guidance

- **GC-8 will be the final allocation for India for HIV, Funding Request should reflect sustainable approaches.**
- Ensure prioritization considering epidemiologic data, WHO guidance and the Global Fund guidance.

•Reinforce the sustainability of lifesaving services

Integration of HIV and TB responses up to primary health care services

Augmenting testing and treatment among key population especially PWID

Integrated service delivery in highest burden districts

Leverage innovations

Strengthen Strategic information systems

Strengthen Community Systems

Terms and Conditions

- Any unused allocation from previous grant will not be additional to GC-8 allocation

- Due to high burden TB/HIV country a joint TB/HIV funding request is mandatory

Funding request to be developed through inclusive and transparent country dialogue with all stakeholders and KPs

TB and HIV grants implemented by the Government PRs will be payment-for-result grants

Guidance Documents from Global Fund & NACO

[Grant Cycle 8 \(GC8\) Prioritization Guidance: HIV](#)

[Grant Cycle 8 \(GC8\) Prioritization Guidance Resilient and Sustainable Systems for Health \(RSSH\)](#)

[Links for Webinars of Global Fund](#)

[NACP VI Strategy Document](#)

[Funding Request Application formats](#)

Proposed activities under GC-8 - HIV

NACO

Procurement of VL testing kits and machines

CD4 & STI Lab Strengthening

Hiring of Mobile Vans/Bikes

Procurement of 4th Generation HIV RDT serology test kits

NACO-SR

Supply Chain Management

District Level System strengthening

Capacity Building

Strengthening IT systems (SOCH)

Evaluation of TI & LWS

Strengthening Lab Systems

Communication & Virtual intervention

Transition Management Hub and NPMU

Non Government PRs

Care and Support Centres including EVTHS

Prison & OCS Intervention

Community Systems Strengthening (CSS)

Suggestion received from Stakeholders

Proposed Recommendations for Strengthening the GC8 HIV Proposal

- It was proposed to make NGO PR and government grant split 50-50 in HIV, that can ensure CSC continues to the number that is current which is necessary
- SR and SSR to be community-based organizations for GF GC 8 (NACO and NGPR)

Integration

- Pilot integration of HIV services into service delivery points upto Health and Wellness Centres (HWCs).
- Strengthen integrated HIV-TB-NCD service delivery at district and community levels.
- Expand private sector engagement for integrated HIV and TB services and reporting.
- Promote screening for cervical cancer among women living with HIV.

Community-led Response

- Strengthen CBO networks to sustain community-led HIV responses.
- Promote community ownership and sustainability

Programme Innovation and Sustainability

- Invest in catalytic innovations to accelerate progress under NACP-VI.
- Strengthen mortality assessment, particularly among TB-HIV co-infected individuals.
- Pilot innovative service delivery models for PWID and other key populations.
- Promote public-private partnerships (PPP) for HIV prevention, diagnosis and treatment similar to TB models.

Procurement of VL Testing Kits and Machines

- Invest in strengthening sample collection and transportation systems for difficult-to-access geographies to improve access to VL testing.
- Promote integration with existing TB diagnostic platforms (TrueNat, CBNAAT and other molecular platforms) to optimize utilization of existing laboratory infrastructure for HIV diagnostics.

Hiring of Mobile Vans/Bikes

- Integrate mobile outreach with National Health Mission (NHM) vehicles to support comprehensive, integrated health camps.
- Enhance access to HIV prevention, testing and treatment services for underserved and hard-to-reach populations through integrated mobile services.

Procurement of 4th Generation HIV RDT Serology Test Kits

- Conduct an implementation research/pilot study to assess the feasibility, diagnostic performance and programmatic value of fourth-generation HIV rapid diagnostic tests as A0 test (screening).
- Evaluate challenges related to false-negative results before considering large-scale procurement.

District-Level System Strengthening

- Build sustainable technical support mechanisms for states and districts, integrated MAS activities.

Strengthening IT Systems (SOCH)

- Strengthen SOCH through integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) for programme monitoring and decision-making.
- Develop integrated RAG (Red-Amber-Green) dashboards linked with SOCH to enable real-time programme performance monitoring.
- Integrate SOCH with Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM) and ABDM-enabled Assisted Care Coordination (AECC).

Communication & Virtual Interventions

- VI to be implemented by NGPR implementation to strengthen community-led approaches and peer led approach
- Expand peer-led digital interventions targeting youth and hard-to-reach populations.
- Integrate mental health support into virtual HIV service delivery platforms.
- Develop innovative digital communication strategies for prevention, adherence and retention in care.

Transition Management Hub and NPMU

- Strengthen transition preparedness from the beginning of GC8 to ensure long-term sustainability.
- Support programme transition planning through technical assistance, monitoring and sustainability planning.

Care and Support Centres (CSC) including EVTHS

- Strengthen differentiated models of care for ageing PLHIV, adolescents and children.
- Strengthen paediatric and adolescent HIV services to improve diagnosis, ART initiation and retention.
- Promote U=U messaging and treatment literacy through community platforms.

Prison & OCS Interventions

- Strengthen HIV prevention and treatment interventions in prisons and other closed settings.
- Strengthen comprehensive service packages for PWID, integrating OST, Hepatitis services with HIV prevention, ITS and treatment services.

Community Systems Strengthening (CSS)

- Increase investments to improve progress towards the first 95 by identifying undiagnosed PLHIV in alignment with MAS strategy
- Integrate CBO strengthening activities under CSC interventions using lessons from C19RM investments. Meaningful engagement of Community Champions/District resource groups.
- Strengthen Community-Led Monitoring (CLM).

Community Sustainability

- Increase investments in long-term sustainability of Community-Based Organizations (CBOs).
- Develop sustainable financing mechanisms for community organizations beyond external grants.
- Build organizational capacity in governance, financial management, proposal development, cooperative financing and income generation.
- Strengthen community leadership through community champions and peer networks.
- Expand youth-focused virtual interventions covering all key populations as a last mile approach.
- Address emerging risks such as chemsex through Innovations at NGPR.
- Innovations under NGPR: HIV Self-Testing (HIVST), PrEP/PEP and Long-Acting ARV demonstration projects for specific group of populations (e.x.: PWID- Long acting ARV, Virtual population- HIV ST, youth- PrEP/PEP).



THANK
YOU